

# Children Missing Education Policy 2023-2026

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### **Introduction**

The Children Act 2004 places a duty on all agencies to work together to promote the safeguarding and welfare of children and young people. All agencies also have a duty to share information. This principle underpins this policy and there is an expectation that all agencies will work together to ensure that children and young people do not 'slip through the net' and become missing.

The Children's Act 2004 and Welsh Government's 'Safeguarding Children Working Together', places a duty on all agencies to work together to promote the welfare of children and to share information.

These 'missing' children and young people will be some of the most vulnerable in the authority and it is vital therefore that services work together to identify and re-engage these children and young people with appropriate education provision as quickly as possible. Education is a child's right and if children are not receiving a suitable education, they are more likely to be vulnerable and at risk of becoming NEET (Not in Education, Employment or Training). They are also possibly more prone to offending behaviour and at high risk of a negative outcome.

### **Legal context-CME defined**

Children (child) missing from education (CME) in this document, refers to all 'children of compulsory school age who are not on a school roll, and who are not receiving a suitable education otherwise than being at school (home, private, or alternative provision) and who have been out of any educational provision for a substantial period of time, usually agreed as four weeks or more'. 'Suitable education' is defined in section 7 of the Education Act 1996: "The parent of every child of compulsory school age shall cause him to receive efficient full-time education suitable – (a) to his age, ability and aptitude, and (b) to any special educational needs he may have, either by regular attendance at school or otherwise."

### Relevant Legislation includes:

- Section 175 of the Education Act 2002 places a duty on local authorities to exercise their functions with a view to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.
- Section 436a of the Education Act 1999, as amended by section 4 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006, places a duty on all local authorities to make arrangements to establish the identities of children in their area who are not registered at a school and are not receiving a suitable education.
- Circular 06/10 statutory guidance to help prevent children and young people from missing education.
- Circular 18/06 Educational Records, School reports and the Common Transfer System the keeping, disposal, disclosure, and transfer of pupil information.
- SAO School Attendance Order Under Education Act 1996, Section 437-443. Where a parent of a compulsory school age pupil fails to prove that they are receiving a suitable education, and where the Local Authority believes that the child should attend school. A School Attendance Order will be used to direct a parent to send their child to the nominated school and should be used when a child is not on role.
- The Social Services and Wellbeing (Wales) Act 2015 places a duty on agencies to report a child or adult at risk.
- The Children Act 1989, Section 47, remains the key piece of legislation for investigating concerns that a child is at risk of harm. A child who goes missing from education may be considered, in some cases, to be at risk of harm. It is important that if a child who is already known to Social Services as a child in need of protection that this is reported to the child's

- social worker as early as possible. In addition, if a school has concerns that are heightened by a child going missing from education, even if there is no current Social Services involvement, this should be reported to the statutory authorities, Social Services and Police.
- The Children's Act 2004 and Welsh Assembly Government's Safeguarding Children Working Together under the Children's Act 2004 places a duty on all agencies to work together to promote the welfare of children and to share information.
- Wales safeguarding procedures April 2020.

### **Children missing education are:**

 children of compulsory school age who are not on a school roll, and who are not receiving a suitable education otherwise than being at school (for example, at home, privately, or in alternative provision) and who have been out of any educational provision for a substantial period of time, usually agreed as four weeks or more.

# Children fall out of the education system and are at risk of 'going missing' due to a wide range of factors including:

- they fail to start appropriate provision and so never enter the system (e.g. pre-school to Yr 1, new to area and no application made to school);
- cease to attend due to exclusion (e.g. illegal or unofficial exclusions) or withdrawal, removal from roll with no named destination; or
- fail to complete a transition between schools (e.g. not obtaining, being unable to find a suitable school place after moving to a new LA or within the Merthyr Borough.
- Move home and their families do not tell either the new or old authorities:

## Vulnerable groups

There are also some specific groups of vulnerable children and young people who may be more at risk of missing education:

- young people who have committed offences and are within the criminal justice system;
- children living in women's refuges;
- families fleeing domestic violence;
- children of homeless families, perhaps living in temporary accommodation, house of multiple occupancy or Bed and Breakfast;
- young runaways;
- children with long term medical or emotional problems;
- children affected by substance misuse;
- unaccompanied asylum seekers;
- · children of refugees and asylum-seeking families;
- children in new immigrant families who are not yet established in the UK and may not have fixed addresses;
- children who have been trafficked to, or within the UK;

- children who are or have been looked after (CLA);
- children who are privately fostered;
- young carers;
- children previously educated in the private sector
- children whose parents have withdrawn them to elective home educate, but are not receiving suitable education
- children from transient families;
- children who are taken on extended holidays or heritage visits by their family; children of
  parents that are in the armed forces and move on regular basis; teenage mothers; children
  who are permanently excluded from school, particularly those excluded illegally, e.g. for
  problematic behaviour or offending. Children from Gypsy, Roma and traveller families
  (GRT).

These children and young people can only be identified via other agency involvement and this requires strong partnership working and clear referral mechanisms

### Responsibility of the local authority

The LA is obliged to keep a register of pupils who become CME. This is maintained by the Education Welfare Service and the Senior Education Welfare Officer.

The database is regularly updated to take account of any changes to the status of the children and young people concerned e.g. where an alternative educational provision has been made. Children will not be removed from the database until the LA is satisfied that the child has been located and is receiving a suitable education or has been transferred to another LA's CME database due to information as to their location, or until the child ceases to be of statutory school age. Efforts to locate children who remain on the CME database will continue to be made periodically such as via reentering of their details on the School 2 School database. Appendix 1 refers to a checklist of actions for the LA to follow to locate the child/young person.

## Responsibility of the school

Schools and other education providers are responsible for monitoring and identifying pupils who are on their rolls and who are missing or at risk of missing education. Appendix 2 refers to a checklist of actions for schools to locate the child/young person.

Children who are on a school roll may go 'missing' because they:

- 1. fail to start at a school having accepted a place;
- fail to attend regularly;
- 3. stop attending altogether; or
- 4. leave the school without ongoing provision being identified.

Schools will have their own procedures for the monitoring of pupil attendance although they are advised to adopt a staged approach to the management of pupils with poor attendance. Where a pupil's attendance is less than 80%, they are to be regarded as persistent absentees and schools should consider what actions they can take, or make a referral to their Education Inclusion Officer (if the school has bought into the EWS-SLA), who can then support the school's efforts to re-engage the child in education through casework and any necessary legal action.

Under the terms of the Education (Pupil Registration) (Wales) Regulations 2010, both the school and the local authority must make exhaustive efforts to trace pupils before any deletion is made. Schools must refer cases to the Education Welfare Service after 20 days absence (or 10 days following a school holiday) via the notification to LA form (see Appendix 3) unless there are concerns about the pupil's wellbeing in which case the enquiries should start immediately.

The pupil must remain on the school roll until all reasonable enquiries are completed even if this means that the pupil will amass more than 20 days absence.

Schools must advise their Education Inclusion Officer/ Education Welfare Service of any pupil who has 10 days or more continuous unauthorised absence in order that steps can be taken to ensure that the pupil does not go missing from education and that they are safe.

If the pupil is located, then it will be usual for a pupil to remain on the school's roll and for the case to be dealt with as one of persistent absence.

- 4. The Education (Pupil Registration) (Wales) Regulations 2010 make provision for schools to delete compulsory school-age children only where any of the following apply:
  - the school is replaced by another school on a School Attendance Order;
  - a School Attendance Order is revoked by the local authority;
  - completion of compulsory school age;
  - permanent exclusion;
  - death of the pupil;
  - transfer between schools;
  - pupil withdrawn to be educated outside the school system;
  - failure to return from an extended family holiday after both the school and the local authority have tried to locate the pupil;
  - a medical condition prevents their attendance and return to the school before ending compulsory school-age;
  - in custody for more than four months;
  - 20 days continuous unauthorised absence and both the local authority and school have tried to locate the pupil;
  - left the school but not known where he/she has gone after both the school and the local authority have tried to locate the pupil.

If schools are notified by parents/carers that a pupil is to leave the school, every effort must be made to establish what arrangements are being made for the pupil's continuing education. In the vast majority of cases, the pupil will be transferring to another school and often one within the authority. In these cases, schools should communicate with the new school to establish the date on which the pupil is to start so that the date for their deletion from the old school roll can be determined. There should not normally be a break in the continuity of a pupil's educational provision. Schools must notify the local authority of the deletion and send a completed Common Transfer Form (CTF) to the S2S site/transferring school.

### **Contacts**

Inclusion Manager- Learning Department Education and Inclusion Civic Centre Castle Street Merthyr Tydfil CF47 8AN 01685 725000 Education.welfareteam@merthyr.gov.uk

Senior Education Welfare Officer
Education Welfare Service
Education and Inclusion
Civic Centre
Castle Street
Merthyr Tydfil
CF47 8AN
01685\_724607
Education.welfareteam@merthyr.gov.uk

### Appendix 1

### 'Children and Young People Missing from Education' Checklist

# Actions to be taken by Local Authority to locate the child/young person



<u>Name</u>	<b>Date of Birth</b>	<u>NCY</u>
Name of parents/primary carer:		
Address:	<u>Telephone:</u>	

	Actions	Who & When	Outcome
1.	Check internal school records and with member of staff i.e. form teacher, YT, HoS	SEWO/EWS	Outcome
<u>2.</u>	Enter information onto central CME database	<u>SEWO</u>	
<u>3.</u>	Check with friends, siblings, and other relatives of the child	SEWO/EWS	
<u>4.</u>	Telephone calls made/letter sent	<u>SEWO/EWS</u>	
<u>5.</u>	Home visit	SEWO/EWS	
<u>6.</u>	Neighbourhood Enquiries (try to ascertain if property is council, housing association, private rental, owner occupied - note details)	Admissions officer	
<u>7.</u>	Enquiries made with School Admissions. Check CMS/Pupil Databases for other siblings	Admissions officer	
<u>8.</u>	Enquiry made with Social Services (Intake and Assessment)	SEWO/EWS	
<u>9.</u>	Enquiries made with agencies with known involvement – e.g. Child Health if there are any children in the family under the age of 4, Youth Offending Service	SEWO/EWS	
<u> 10.</u>	Enquiry made with Housing	SEWO/EWS	
11.	Enquiries made with LA Revenues - Housing Benefit	EWS/Admissions officer	
	<ul> <li>Council Tax</li> <li>Electoral Register</li> </ul>		

	<u>Actions</u>	Who & When	<u>Outcome</u>
<u>12.</u>	Student details to be added into	SEWO/EWS	
	s2s National system.		
In ca	ses where instances of Domestic		
Abus	e are known the following		
<u>enqu</u>	<u>iries should be made:</u>		
<u>1.</u>	Women's Aid	<u>Admissions</u>	
		<u>officer</u>	
<u>2.</u>	Women's Safety Unit	<u>Admissions</u>	
		<u>officer</u>	

If after completing the above checklist, concluded all enquiries and the child/young person remains missing, discuss the removal of the child/young person from the school register with your Line Manager.

- 1. Attach this checklist and any evidence e.g. letters sent/responses received etc to your referral sheets.
- 2. <u>Send a copy of this completed checklist, with a copy of the child/'s Attendance</u>
  <u>Certificate to the named officer who will keep a record of 'all missing children and young people'.</u>
- 3. Check that pupil's CTF have been uploaded onto the Lost Pupil Database in s2s.

Name of School:	Date removed:
Authorised by:	Designation:
Name of SEWO:	<u>Date:</u>
Referral Details	
Date referred to Education Welfare	
Officer/Service:	
Name of School:	
Name of Referrer:	
Position of Referrer:	
Contact Number of Referrer:	

NB – Do not remove from roll until EWS have concluded investigations and confirmation received.

### Appendix 2

### 'Children and Young People Missing from Education' Checklist

Actions to be taken by **Schools** to locate the child/young person



Name of Pupil/s:	M/F	Date of Birth	NCY
Name of parents/primary carer:			
Address:		Telephone:	

### SCHOOL ACTIONS - Has the school done the following?

Attach this checklist & any evidence; letters sent etc

If the school has any Child Protection concerns, the matter must be immediately referred to Social Services and the police.

You must still proceed with the referral to the Education Welfare Officer, even if a child protection referral has been made.

Actions	Date	Outcome
Carry out first day calling/contact		
Attempt telephone contact with all emergency numbers		
Write to last known address and address of emergency contacts if known		
Speak to appropriate agencies i.e. Careers Wales, youth workers, school nurse		
Check with wider school community e.g. staff, other pupils, carers, friends and any known relatives		
If siblings attend different schools make contact to share information		
Any other contact/relevant information		

Referral Details	
Date referred to Education Welfare Officer/Service:	
Name of School:	
Name of Referrer:	
Position of Referrer:	
Contact Number of Referrer:	

NB – Do not remove from roll until EWS have concluded investigations and confirmation received.

Appendix 3 11

### Form (1)

# Notification to the Local Authority of a Child or Young Person Missing Education

This form should be completed by any professional or agency undertaking an assessment or being aware of a child or young person between the ages of 3-16, who does not appear to be attending a school.



We will use the information within this form to record, give advice and follow the Children Missing Education, statutory guidance for local authorities. As part of this, the local authority may need to share your information provided with other Local Authorities and services. Any other information provided subsequently, whether by meeting, phone, or e- mail, might also be used for this purpose.

More information on how we handle personal information and your rights under the General Data Protection Act legislation (GDPR) can be found in the local authority Privacy Notice.

#### Section 1

Name of School	Local Authority	CME Person
Contact details:		
Date form completed:		

### Section 2

000		
Pupil Details:	Address:	
Forename		
Middle Name(s)		
Surname		
DOB	Last known address	
Alias		
Unique Pupil Number		
Unique Identification Number		
Gender	Previous Addresses	
Year Group		
Ethnicity		

Pupil Details:		Address:			
Forename					
Middle Name(s)					
Surname					
Date child last at	ttended school	ol:			
Does the child s	peak English'	?			
Sibling details:					
	DOB		۸ ما ما ،		School
Name	DOB		Addı	ess	School
Do you consider	these childre	n to be CME	cases	as well? YES	/ NO
Section 3					
	tails: ( Pleas	e include all	conta	act information he	ld by the school)
Name:					
Relationship to	child:				
Contact details:					
Landline:					
Mobile:					
E-mail:					
Family's first/home language:					
Is an Interpreter required?					
	tails: ( Pleas	e include all	conta	act information he	ld by the school)
Name:					
Polotionobin to	obild:				
Relationship to	Cilia.				
Contact details:					
Landline:					
Mobile:					
E-mail:					
Family's first/hor	ne				
language?					
Is an Interpreter	required?				
045	-£ 1' ·	-1.11. 6 1	- 1 - 5	1-4:	
Other contact in	ntormation h	eld by Scho	oi: Re	elatives etc	
Contact 1:	& talanhana				
Name, Address of number	α telephone				
HAITINGI					

Other contact information held by School: Relatives etc		
Contact 2:		
Name, Address & telephone		
number		
Other Agency Details:		

### Section 4

Is this child:	
A Looked After Child?	YES/NO
Subject to a child Protection Plan?	YES/NO
An open case to Children Services?	YES/NO
Living in temporary accommodation	YES/NO
Gypsy Traveller Family	YES/NO
Name of Social Worker:	

### Section 5

Section 5	
Are there any concerns for the welfare of this child as a result of this referral?	

Do you have any reason to be concerned that any of the following may be relevant in this case? (If
answered Yes please give details)
Risk of child exploitation? YES/NO
·
D (1) (1) (2) (1) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
Domestic Violence / Support from a Refuge YES/NO
Risk of child trafficking. YES/NO
Risk of child trafficking. YES/NO

## Section 6

Reason For Referral:
Not registered at a school: YES/NO
Not known if registered at a school: YES/NO
How did this child/young person come to your attention and what are your concerns?
Then are the dring percent come to your attention and what are your concerns.
Any additional information about previous educational provision: (past or present e.g. date of last
education provision, known attendance difficulties etc)
Are any other agencies known to be involved with the child/young person concerned? <i>Please give</i>
details:
Any other relevant information including any safety factors to be acknowledged when visiting this
family:
, <del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>
Section 7
Details of Agency Making the Referral:
Referrers Name:
Designation:
Designation: Address:
Designation: Address: Tel No: Email:
Designation: Address:
Designation: Address: Tel No: Email:
Designation: Address: Tel No: Email:
Designation: Address: Tel No: Email:
Designation:  Address:  Tel No: Email:  Reason for involvement of professional making the referral and any other relevant information:
Designation: Address: Tel No: Email:
Designation:  Address:  Tel No: Email:  Reason for involvement of professional making the referral and any other relevant information:
Designation:  Address:  Tel No: Email:  Reason for involvement of professional making the referral and any other relevant information:
Designation:  Address:  Tel No: Email:  Reason for involvement of professional making the referral and any other relevant information:
Designation:  Address:  Tel No: Email:  Reason for involvement of professional making the referral and any other relevant information:
Designation:  Address:  Tel No:  Reason for involvement of professional making the referral and any other relevant information:  Date that child/young person became known to agency as missing education: